
Improving the lives of patients, caregivers and families through transformative treatments for neurodegenerative diseases
(vigil)™
NEURO
vigilant for you®
October 2024

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This presentation contains "forward-looking statements," which are made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the federal securities laws, including the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Any statements that are not statements of historical fact may be deemed to be forward-looking statements. Such statements may contain words such as "may," "might," "will," "could," "should," "would," "expect," "intend," "plan," "prepare," "look," "seek," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "predict," "potential," "possible," "continue," "ongoing" or the negative of these terms, or other comparable words. These forward-looking statements include, among others, statements relating to: our plans to deliver precision-based therapies to improve the lives of patients and their families and to target a broad range of neurodegenerative diseases; plans to discover and develop novel therapeutics to leverage microglial biology, such as iluzanebart (VGL101), VG-3927 and current or future product candidates, identify additional indications for our current product candidates, and to enable success in clinical development; beliefs about TREM2 agonism's importance in ALSP & Alzheimer's disease; beliefs about the profiles and potential, including the commercial potential, of our pipeline and the strength of our intellectual property position; our analyses and beliefs about data, including pathology and disease biomarkers and the signaling, engagement and potency as an agonism of TREM2 in microglia; plans and upcoming milestones, including estimated timelines, for our pipeline program development activities and pipeline expansion opportunities; expected timing and next steps regarding data announcement, clinical trial activities and regulatory filings and potential approvals; expectations regarding our ability to develop and advance our current and future product candidates and discovery programs; and the belief that we are well-positioned to execute on our mission.

These forward-looking statements, which are only predictions, involve risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond our control and are based on our current beliefs, expectations and assumptions regarding our business. As such, you should not place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements because such risks and uncertainties could cause actual results, performance or achievement to differ materially and adversely from those anticipated or implied in the forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause actual results to differ from those predicted in our forward-looking statements include, among others, risks and uncertainties related to product development, including delays or challenges that may arise in the development and regulatory approval of our current and future product candidates or programs; uncertainties as to the availability and timing of results and data from preclinical and clinical studies; the timing of and our ability to submit and obtain regulatory clearance for investigational new drug applications, initiate additional clinical trials, and submit new drug applications or biologics license applications; our ability to initiate and complete our current and expected clinical trials; our ability to establish and maintain collaborations, strategic relationships and supply arrangements, or that we will not realize the intended benefits from such relationships or arrangements; whether our cash resources will be sufficient to fund our foreseeable and unforeseeable operating expenses and capital expenditure requirements; our ability to raise additional funding on favorable terms, or at all; the rate and degree of market acceptance and clinical utility of our product candidates; the ability and willingness of our third-party collaborators to continue research and, development and manufacturing activities relating to our product candidates; the accuracy of our data analyses or estimates for the potential and market for our products; our ability, and the ability of our collaborators, to protect our intellectual property and to conduct activities for the development and commercialization of our candidates in view of third party intellectual property positions; our financial performance; our ability to retain and recruit key personnel, as well as the potential contribution of our employees and board to our growth and success as a Company; developments and projections relating to our competitors or our industry; our ability to work with the FDA to successfully remove the partial clinical hold on VG-3927; changes in general economic conditions and global instability, in particular economic conditions in the markets on which we or our suppliers operate; changes in laws and regulations; and those risks and uncertainties identified in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), including under the heading "Risk Factors" in our most-recently filed Annual Report on Form 10-K or Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, and such other risks and uncertainties that may be described in subsequent filings we may make with the SEC.

You should not rely upon forward-looking statements as predictions of future events or performance, or as a representation or warranty (express or implied) by us or any other person that we will achieve our objectives and plans in any specified time frame, on such specified terms, or at all. Although our management believes that the expectations reflected in our statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee that the future results, performance or events and circumstances described in the forward-looking statements will be achieved or occur. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date such statements are made. New risks and uncertainties may emerge from time to time, and it is not possible to predict all risks and uncertainties. Except as required by applicable law, we do not plan to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements contained herein, whether as a result of any new information, future events, changed circumstances or otherwise.

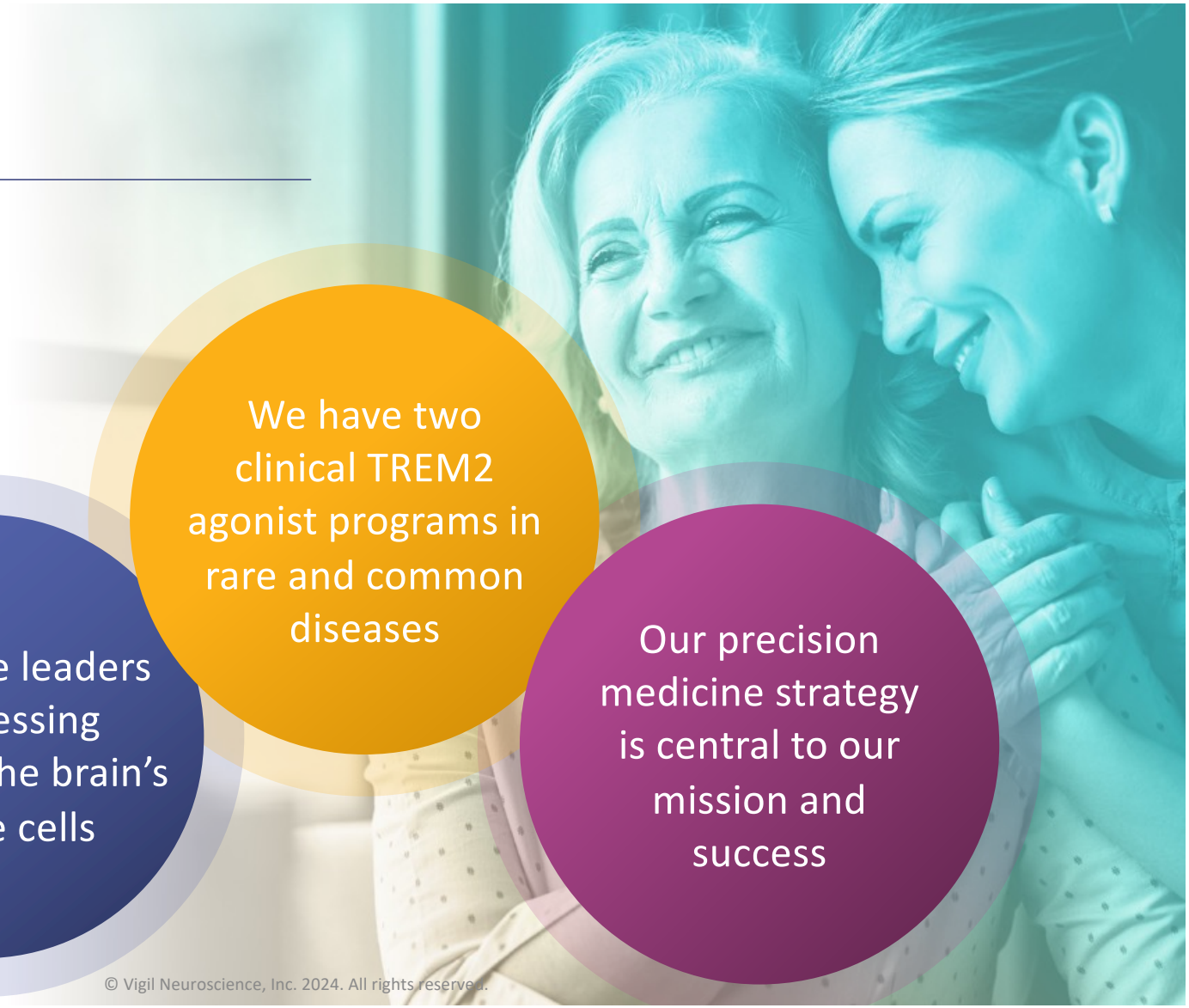
Overview

Our brain's immune system can be directed to treat neurodegeneration

We are the leaders in harnessing microglia, the brain's immune cells

We have two clinical TREM2 agonist programs in rare and common diseases

Our precision medicine strategy is central to our mission and success



Experienced and Execution-Focused Management Team

Ivana Magovčević-Liebisch
PhD, JD
President & CEO

David Gray
PhD
Chief Science Officer

Petra Kaufmann
MD, FAAN
Chief Medical Officer

Evan A. Thackaberry
PhD, DABT
SVP, Head of Early Development

Jennifer Ziolkowski
CPA
Chief Financial Officer

avexis · NOVARTIS · cerevel · Dyax · Schering-Plough · CYTYC · TKT · ucb · PHILIPS Healthcare

IPSEN Innovation for patient care · TEVA · Ra Pharma · SOLID BIOSCIENCES · Pfizer · Biogen · Genentech A Member of the Roche Group · TransMedics

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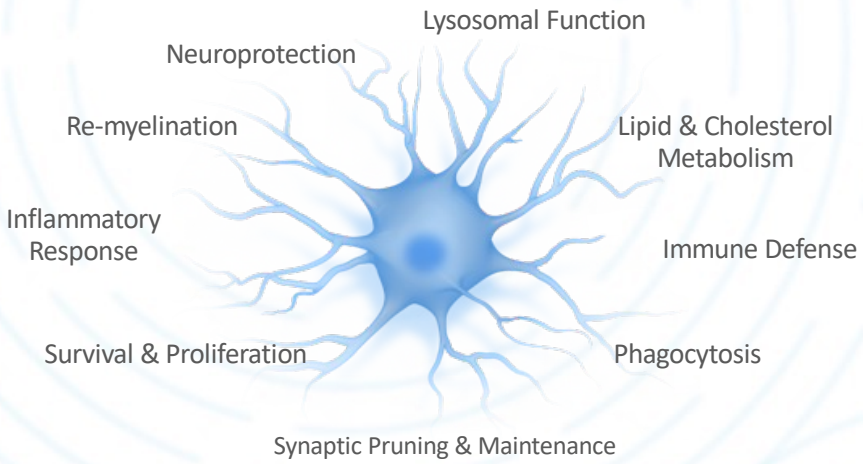
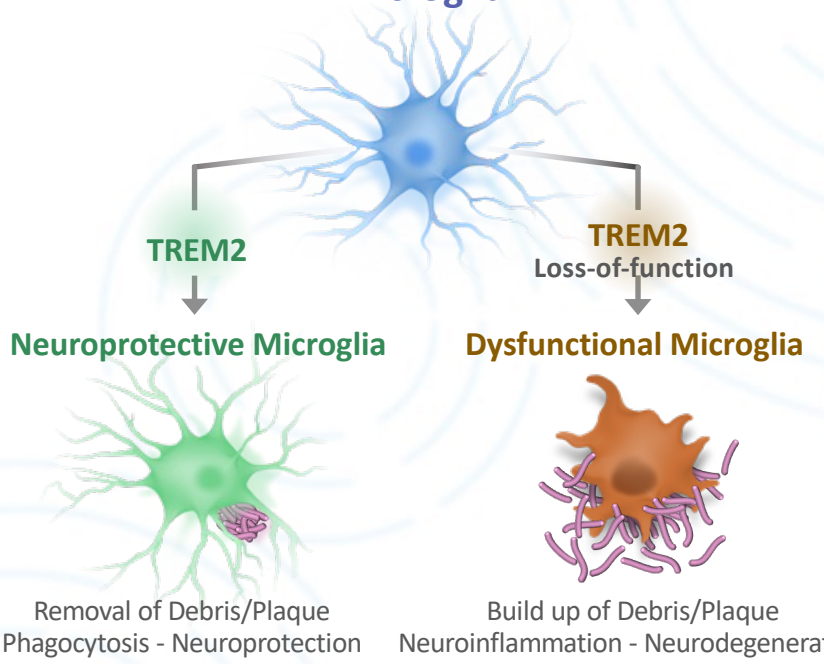
Microglia are Key to Brain's Immune System & Combatting Neuroinflammation

Sentinel for CNS Health



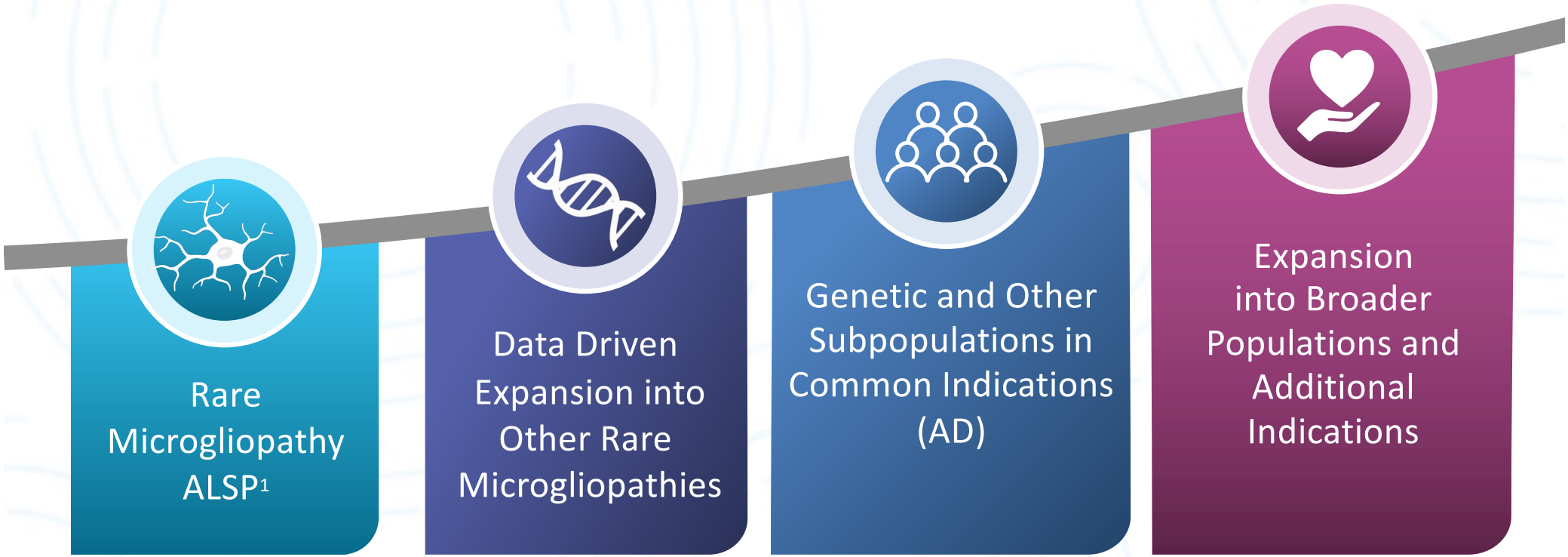
Microglia



Microglial dysfunction is a driver of rare and common neurodegenerative diseases

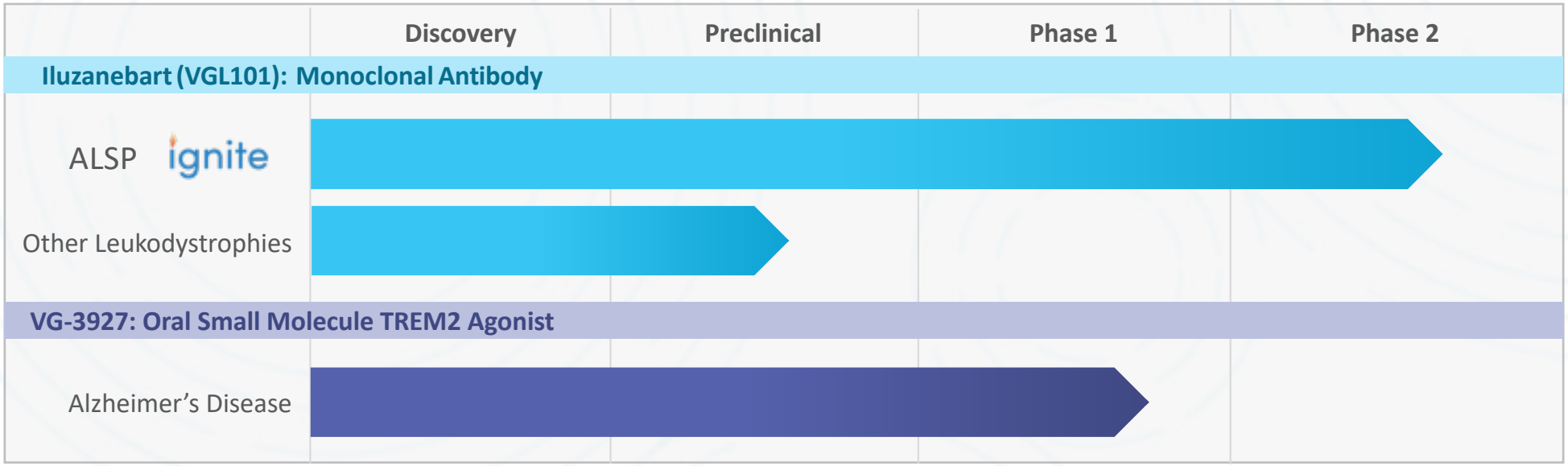
Our Precision Medicine Strategy

Apply learnings from subpopulations with clear link to microglial dysfunction in additional indications



1. ALSP: adult-onset leukoencephalopathy with axonal spheroids and pigmented glia

Building a Robust Pipeline in Rare & Common Neurodegenerative Diseases



Natural History Study
ALSP illuminate

Ongoing Observational/Non-interventional Study in ALSP Patients

(vigil)

Iluzanebart (VGL101)

Iluzanebart (VGL101) is an investigational therapy and has not been reviewed or approved by any regulatory authority

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Iluzanebart Program Overview

Product	Opportunity	Status	Next Steps
Fully human monoclonal antibody targeting TREM2	Rare microgliopathies, such as ALSP with U.S. prevalence of >19,000[1]	Ongoing Phase 2 clinical trial in ALSP patients Ongoing natural history study	Pursue potential accelerated development pathway with FDA Report Phase 2 final analysis in 1H 25

First program to show promising clinical data on TREM2 agonism as potential therapeutic for treating neurodegenerative diseases

1. Refer to footnote 1 on slide 18

ALSP: Adult-Onset Leukoencephalopathy with Axonal Spheroids & Pigmented Glia

Fatal, Rare, and Rapidly Progressive Neurodegenerative Disease

- Inherited, progressive neurological disease that affects every part of the brain
- Microglial insufficiency caused by autosomal dominant *CSF1R* gene mutations
- Average age of onset in mid-40s
- Rapid progression – incapacitated in 3-4 years; average time to death: 6-7 years
- Definitive diagnosis with genetic testing
- No approved treatment options available

Sources: Lakshmanan et al, Neurol Genet 2017; Hayer et al, Neurology 2018; Lynch et al. J Neurol Neurosurg Psychiatry 2016; Konno et al. Neurol 2018; Ahmed et al. J Neurol Neurosurg; Psych 2014; Papapetropoulos et al. Front. Neurol. 2022

ILLUMINATE: First Natural History Study in ALSP

Understanding ALSP and enabling regulatory success

Observational study[1] of ~50 ALSP patients to model the course of the disease

- Characterizing multiple MRI[2] and CSF[3] biomarkers
- Evaluating several clinical measures of disease progression

Emerging relationship between biomarkers and disease progression

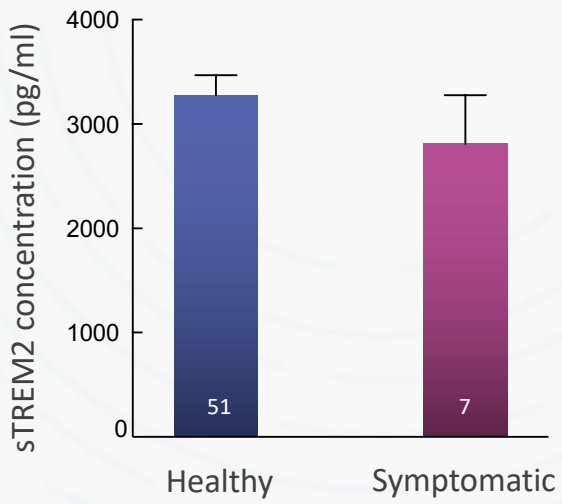
- Volumetric MRI
- NfL[4]
- Soluble CSF1R[5]

Potential for accelerated development pathway

1. ILLUMINATE: NCT05020743; 2. MRI: magnetic resonance imaging; 3. CSF: cerebrospinal fluid; 4. neurofilament light chain; 5. CSF1R: Colony stimulating factor 1 receptor

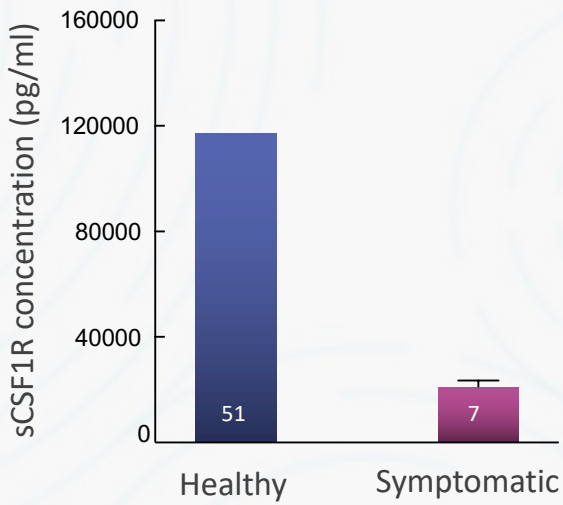
Baseline Fluid Biomarker Levels Altered in ALSP

Baseline Soluble TREM2 Levels



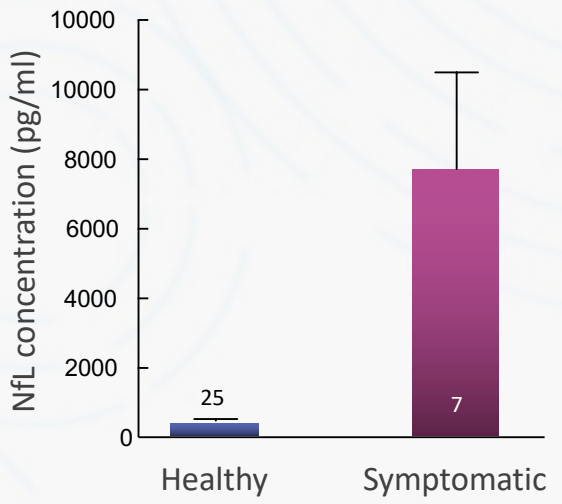
sTREM2 levels similar across all populations

Baseline Soluble CSF1R Levels



sCSF1R levels significantly reduced in symptomatic patients

Baseline NfL Levels

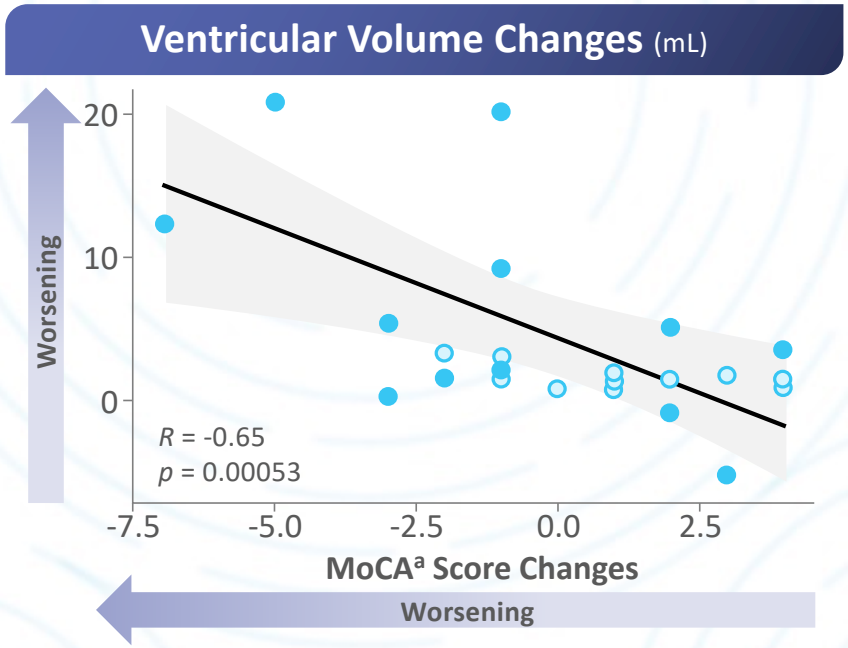


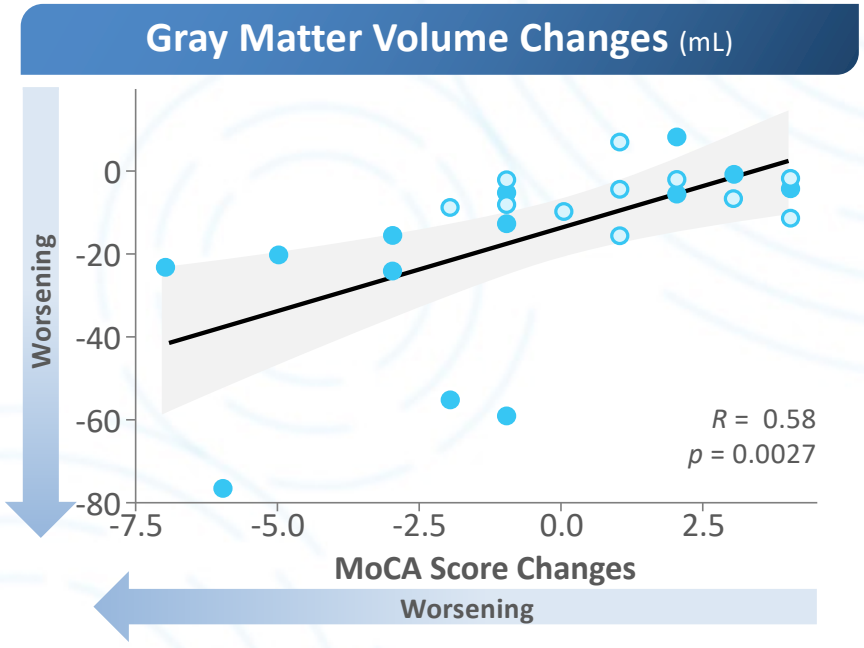
NfL levels highly elevated in symptomatic patients

All measurements taken in CSF
Healthy: healthy volunteers from Vigil's VGL101 Phase 1 trial; Symptomatic: subjects with CSF1R mutations and ≥3 ALSP-related clinical signs or symptoms *in ILLUMINATE; CSF1R: Colony Stimulating Factor 1 Receptor; CSF: cerebrospinal fluid; NfL: neurofilament light chain*

MRI Biomarkers of Disease Progression Correlate with Cognitive Decline

Changes in Brain Volume Correlate with MoCA changes at 12 months

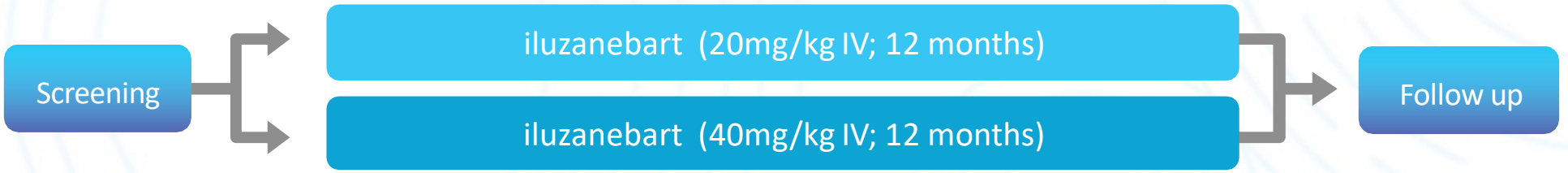




Prodromal Symptomatic

Interim analysis as of Sept. 23, 2023. Includes all study patients with 12 months of available follow-up on each measure. Plotted data are individual patient values for change from baseline to month 12. [a] Montreal Cognitive Assessment (MoCA) is a 30-point assessment on multiple cognitive domains, including executive function, memory, visuospatial ability, language, and attention.

Evaluating Iluzanebart for ALSP in IGNITE Phase 2 Open-Label Trial



Trial Population	▪ Patients with symptomatic ALSP related to CSF1R gene mutation
Trial Design	▪ Open-label, ~20 patients
Treatment Duration	▪ 12 months, IV administration once-monthly (optional long-term extension study)
Outcome Assessments	▪ Safety and tolerability ▪ Volumetric MRI measurements of brain matter deterioration ▪ CSF biomarkers of target engagement and neurodegeneration, pharmacodynamics (NfL, sCSF1R, sTREM2, osteopontin)

Clinicaltrials.gov identifier: NCT05677659

IGNITE Phase 2 Interim Results

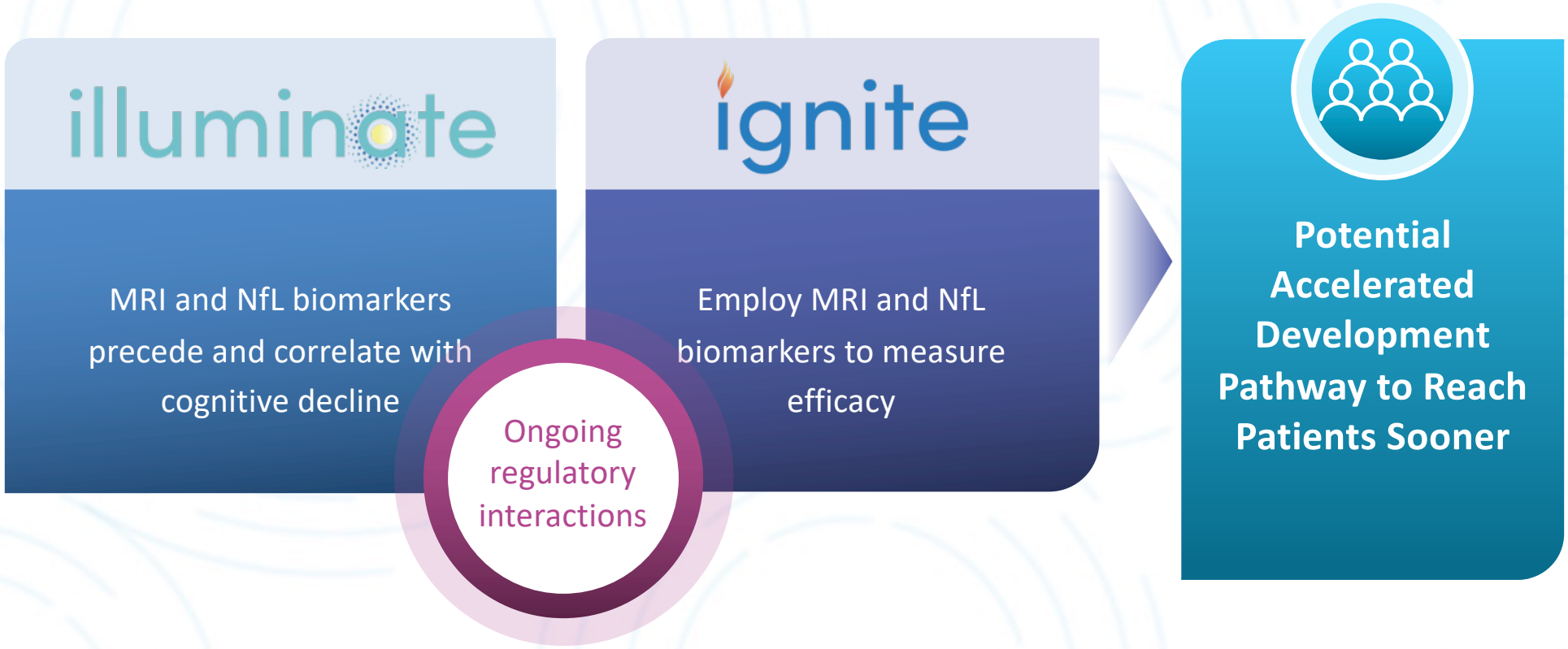
COMPLETED:
Interim Analysis
6 months (n=6: 20 mg/kg)

- Favorable safety and tolerability profile
- Durable effect on microglial activity biomarkers
- Changes on MRI and NfL measures in individual patients are directionally consistent with treatment effect
- Downstream pharmacological activity in the CNS, including increased CSF levels of sCSF1R

Final Analysis: 1H 2025
12 months (all subjects: 20 mg/kg + 40 mg/kg)

Clinicaltrials.gov identifier: NCT05677659

Utilizing Our Biomarker Strategy to Develop Iluzanebart



Partnering with the Patient Community

ALSPAware

- Valued member of the patient community
- Launched ALSPAware: a no-cost genetic testing and genetic counseling program for patients and healthcare providers in the U.S.
  - Developed with input from KOLs and patient advocacy groups
  - Designed to enable improved patient diagnosis of ALSP
- Established the world's first patient facing website, ALSPinfo.com

sisters' hope FOUNDATION · HUNTER'S HOPE · united LEUKODYSTROPHY FOUNDATION · CASA HUNTER · NORD · Alex · Global Genes Allies in Rare Disease · EVERYLIFE FOUNDATION FOR RARE DISEASES

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ALSP: Significant Global Market Opportunity

Frequency of ALSP-causing CSF1R variants

281 / 1 million[1]

Extrapolates to **~94K** in U.S. & **~145K** in EU27 + UK[2,3,4]

According to UK BioBank analysis

Diagnosing ALSP

Up to ~16%

of Adult-onset Leukodystrophy patients have ALSP[5,6]

ALSP is often misdiagnosed

including **~0.5%** of MS patients and **~0.3%** of AD patients[7,8]

Estimated ALSP Prevalence

≥19,000

in U.S.

≥29,000

in EU27 + U.K.

1. Based on frequency of pathogenic and likely pathogenic variants according to the American College of Medical Genetics criteria; Wade et al. Neurol Gen (manuscript accepted); 2. Assumes U.S. population of ~334M in Dec 2023 (www.census.gov); 3. Assumes EU27 population of ~449M in 2023 (www. https://ec.europa.eu/Eurostat); 4. Assumes UK population of ~68M in 2024 (www. worldpopulationreview.com/countries/united-kingdom-population) ; 5. Ishiguro et al. Eu J Neurol 2023; 6. Wade et al. AAN 2023; 7.Carlson et al. ACTRIMS 2021; 8. Sassi et al Neurol Aging 2018;

VG-3927: Next-Generation Differentiated AD Treatment

VG-3927 is an investigational therapy and has not been reviewed or approved by any regulatory authority

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TREM2 as Next-Generation Alzheimer's Disease Treatment

TREM2 is an established causal link to human AD

- TREM2 mutations increase AD risk[1]
- High TREM2 is associated with slower AD progression[2]

TREM2 is critical for microglial function

- TREM2 is a key pathology-sensing receptor on microglia[3]
- TREM2 signaling switches microglia into neuroprotective state[4]

TREM2 AD therapeutic hypothesis[5]

- Direct microglia to engage their neuroprotective capability
- Can broadly counter multiple pathologies (ab, tau, etc)

Microglia sense neuropathology and convert to neuroprotective state

1. Guerreiro, et al. N Engl J Med 2013; Jonsson, et al. N Engl J Med 2013 2. Pereira et al. Nat Aging 2022; Ewers et al. EMBO Mol Med. 2020 3. Wang et al. Cell 2015 4. Keren-Shaul et al. Cell 2017 5. Parhizkar et al. Nat Neurosci. 2019; Yuan et al. Neuron 2016

VG-3927: First Clinical-Stage Small Molecule TREM2 Agonist & PAM

High-quality & CNS penetrant with potential to become next-generation AD treatment

- Boosting microglial repair functions
- Unique mode of action
- Impact broader disease pathophysiology

- Wider therapeutic window: synergy with damaged ligands
- ARIA mitigation & management

- Convenient & patient-friendly oral dosing

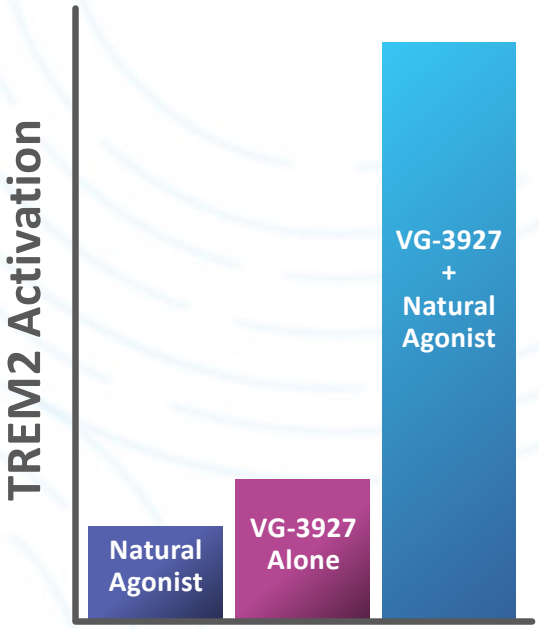
- Distinct binding site
- Small molecule optimal for future combination therapy & preventive paradigms

PAM = positive allosteric modulator

VG-3927: Potent Agonist & PAM that Synergizes with Natural TREM2 Ligands

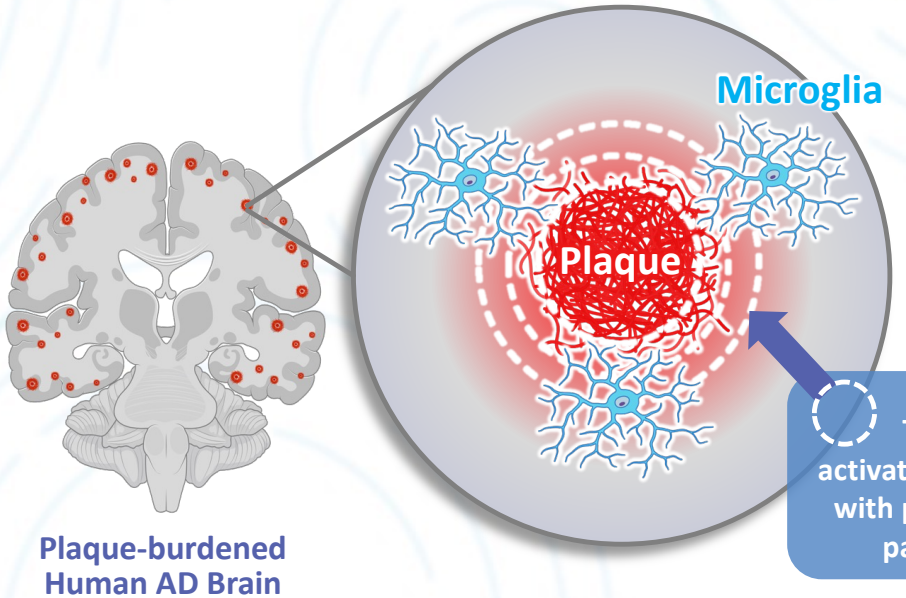
Enhancing TREM2 function where it matters most

Potentiation of TREM2 Activation

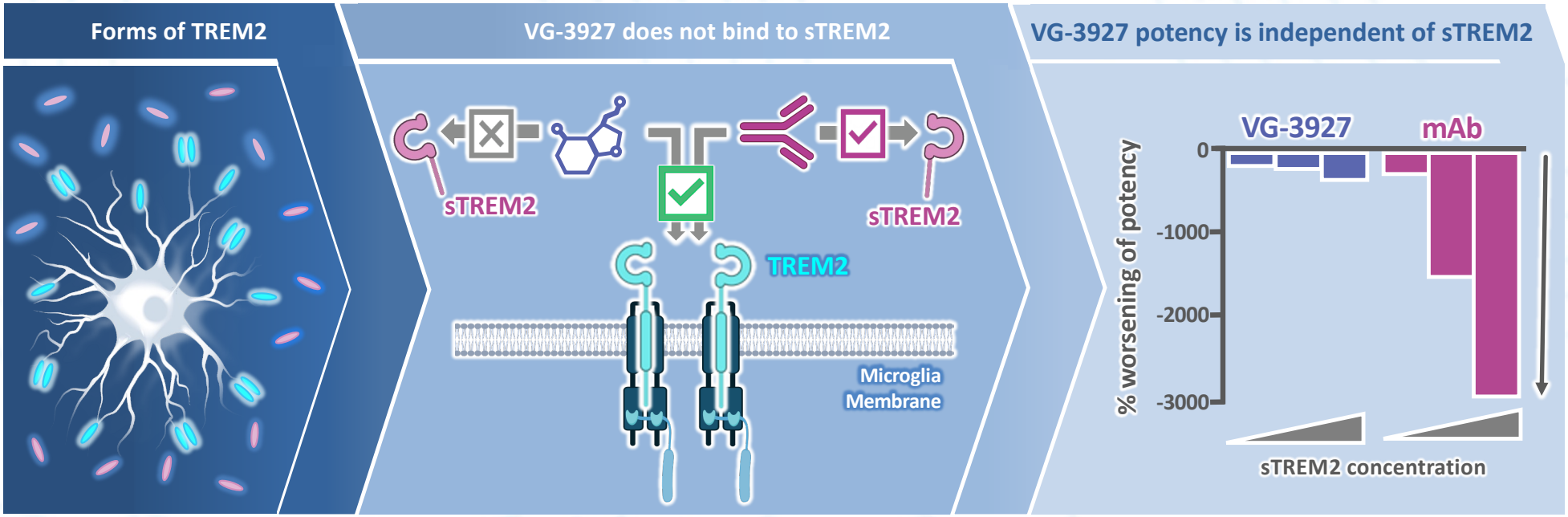


Based on internal preclinical data

Potential for enhanced efficacy directly at site of neurotoxicity



Lack of sTREM2 Binding Differentiates VG-3927 from mAbs



Soluble TREM2 (sTREM2)

TREM2

On-target microglia agonism

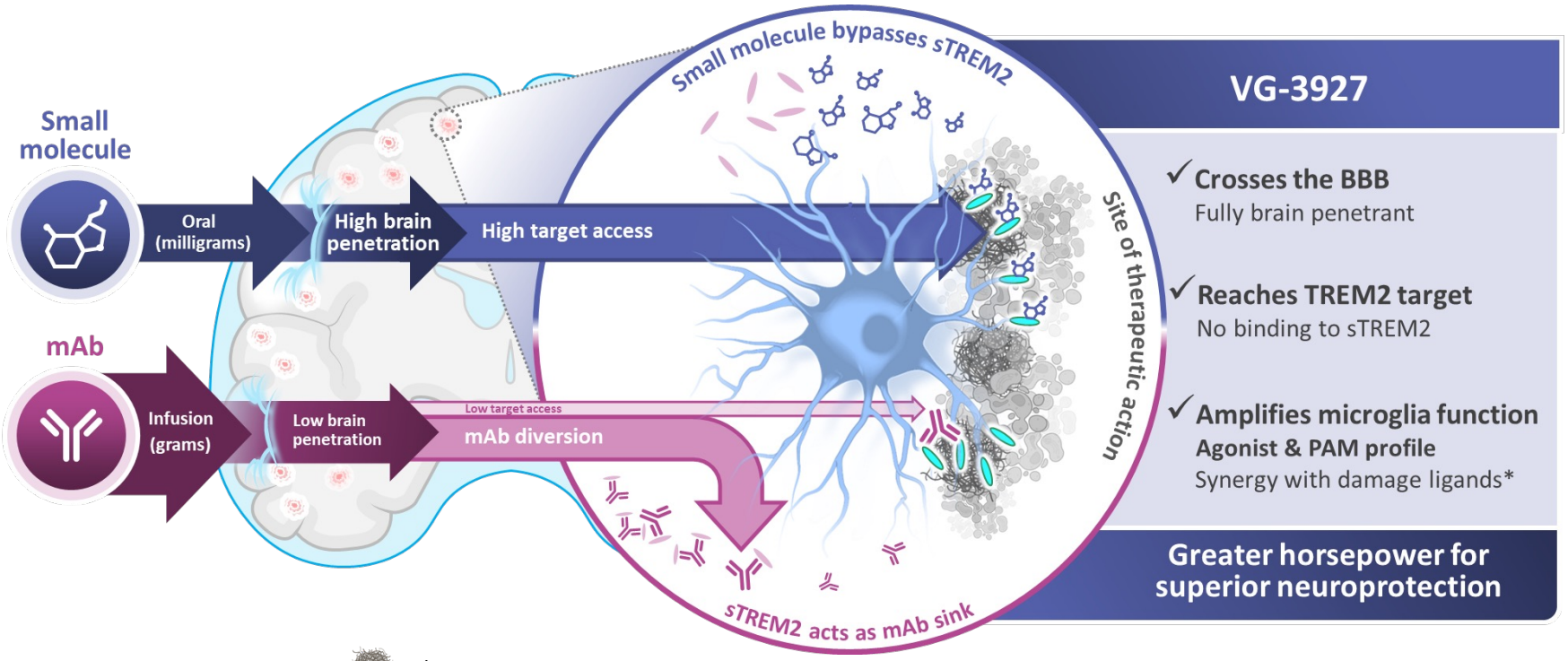
*Confirmed off-target interaction**

No interaction

**Based on internal preclinical data*

VG-3927: Next-Generation Small Molecule AD Therapy

Superior Neuroprotection v. Monoclonal Antibodies (mAbs)



BBB = blood-brain barrier
PAM = positive allosteric modulator
** E.g. amyloid-β, cell debris, ApoE*

VG-3927: Greater Horsepower with Differentiation on ARIA

- ✓ Low oral dose (milligrams v. grams); lower systemic exposure
- ✓ No Fc region; ARIA has only been observed in mAbs with Fc
- ✓ Shorter half-life; flexibility to mitigate ARIA if observed

ARIA = amyloid-related imaging abnormalities
Fc = fragment crystallizable

VG-3927 Phase 1 Trial: Safety, Tolerability, and PK/PD Interim Data Support Continued Development in AD

Ongoing Phase 1 Trial

- Double-blind placebo-controlled SAD/MAD study exploring safety, tolerability, PK, and PD*
- 80 healthy volunteers enrolled, 60 received VG-3927 across multiple SAD and MAD cohorts (as of Jun 2024)
- Initiated single-dose biomarker cohort of AD patients, including some participants who carry TREM2 or other disease-related variants

Interim Analysis

- Demonstrated predictable PK supportive of once-daily dosing
- Significant and dose-related reduction in sTREM2 levels observed demonstrating clinical proof-of-target engagement and an increase in osteopontin/secreted phosphoprotein 1 (SPP1) after repeat dosing
- All adverse events (AEs) were mild/moderate, and all resolved without intervention; no serious AEs reported**

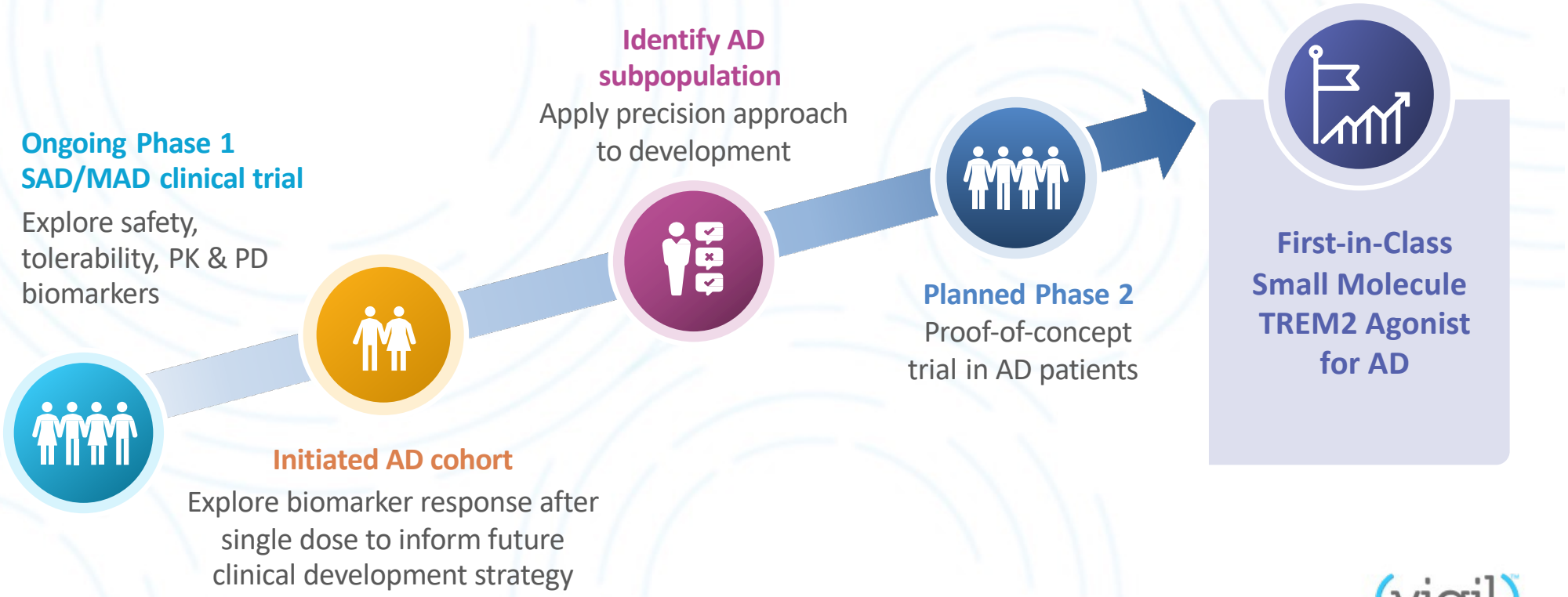
Upcoming Milestone

Complete Phase 1 data, including data from AD cohort, planned for Q1'2025

*Pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics
**As of Interim Analysis data cut from July 2024

VG-3927: Precision Medicine Development Strategy for AD

Leveraging precision-based approach to increase probability of success in AD drug development



Looking Ahead

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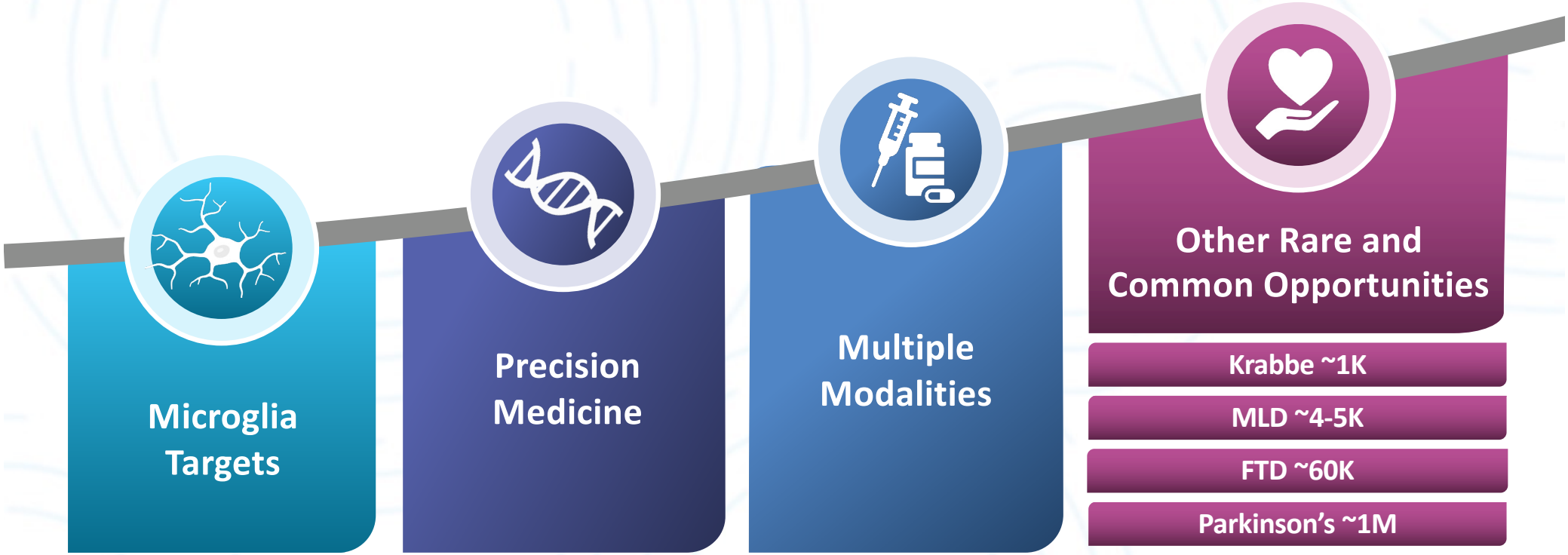
Our Precision Medicine Strategy

Apply learnings from subpopulations with clear link to microglial dysfunction in additional indications



Recent Accomplishments & Anticipated Milestones

Iluzanebart (VGL101)

- ✓ Pursue potential accelerated development pathway with FDA
- Phase 2 final analysis expected in 1H 2025

VG-3927

- ✓ Reported Phase 1 interim HV data in July 2024
- Complete Phase 1 data, including AD cohort, planned for Q1 2025
- Multiple PoC presentations and abstracts at medical conferences

Overview

Our brain's immune system can be directed to treat neurodegeneration

We are the leaders in harnessing microglia, the brain's immune cells

We have two clinical TREM2 agonist programs in rare and common diseases

Our precision medicine strategy is central to our mission and success